

HOW TO USE THE CALENDAR AT SCHOOL:

- 1. Give each student a copy of the calendar grid.
- 2. Ask students what *kindness* means and have them share definitions and examples. Lead students to understand that kindness is being helpful or thoughtful. Also explain that being kind is one way to show respect.
- 3. Read the activities on the calendar. Discuss what selected activities might look or sound like. For example, lead students to understand that "Tell someone one thing you like about them," might sound like "You make the best spaghetti!" when a student is talking to a family member at home, or "Your project is awesome!" when talking to a classmate.



- 4. Challenge each child to do five or more acts of kindness each week, highlighting the space on the printout after he or she has completed each one. Also encourage students to write other acts of kindness on the blank calendar spaces and complete them too.
- 5. From time to time, check in with students on the status of their calendars. Invite each student to name an act he or she completed and tell how it felt to show kindness. Respond to each student's remarks with enthusiasm and praise. Lead students to consider other acts of kindness they can participate in.

HOW TO USE THE CALENDAR FOR REMOTE LEARNING:

If you are using the calendar via video chat (or parents are using it at home one-on-one), complete the activity as described above, but have the student print one copy of the calendar.

If a printer is not available, help the child download the calendar pdf. Each time he or she completes an act of kindness, have the child click the space under the corresponding text to make a check mark. Then have the child type other acts he or she completes in the empty spaces. Be sure to remind the child to save the pdf each time it's used.



SOCIAL-EMOTIONAL LEARNING SKILLS COVERED

· Social awareness: respect for others · Relationship skills: social engagement, communication, relationship building

STANDARDS COVERED

CCSS.ELA.LITERACY.SL.3.1: Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on *grade 3 topics and texts*, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.1: Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on *grade 4 topics and texts*, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.5.1: Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on *grade 5 topics and texts*, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.



7S KINDNESS CALENDAR

Leave a kind note on Offer to help someone Smile at someone. Do someone else's Clean up without do something. chore for them. someone's desk. being asked. Let someone else go **Hold the door open** Read to someone. Make a homemade Tell someone one thing gift for someone. first. you like about them. for someone. Listen to a friend Invite someone to Let someone else Help a friend study. Give a family without interrupting. play with you. member a hug. choose. Give a high five to a Call someone to see friend. how he or she is doing.

Write three more ways you can show kindness in the blank spaces. Highlight the spaces after you do the activities.



HOW TO USE A PROMPT PAGE AT SCHOOL:

- 1. Give each student a copy of a chosen prompt page.
- 2. Read the text aloud. Then repeat the bold-faced word and write it on the board. Lead students to an understanding of what it means.
- 3. Provide time for students to talk about how they might respond to the prompt. Then have each student write a response.
- 4. Invite students to share their work with the class.





HOW TO USE THE PROMPTS FOR REMOTE LEARNING:

If you are using a prompt page via video chat (or parents are using it at home one-on-one), have a family member print the assigned page for the student.

If a printer is not available, direct the student to label a sheet of paper with the same title as the one shown on the prompt page and then have him or her write a response. Then invite the child to read his or her work aloud. Use the student's response to continue the conversation about the SEL skill.

SOCIAL-EMOTIONAL LEARNING SKILLS COVERED

• Self-awareness: self-efficacy and recognizing strengths • Self-management: goal-setting • Relationship skills: teamwork and communication • Social awareness: empathy and perspective-taking • Responsible decision-making: identifying and solving problems

STANDARDS COVERED

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.1: Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.2: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.1: Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.2: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.



Name	Self-awareness: responding to a prompt
Date	
BELIEVE IN YOURSEL	
Researchers at The Leukemia & Lymphoma Society are working hard to find cures for blood cancers. These scientists believe in themselves and their ability to accomplish their goals. They are confident that one day they will find a way to end blood cancers forever.	
Think of a task you want to complete or a new skill you want to learn. Describe this goal and explain why it is important to you. Then describe the strengths you have that will help you accomplish this goal.	
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Name	_ Self-management: responding to a prompt
Date	
Scientists who work to find a cure for blood cancers and people with one of these diseases have something in common: perseverance . <i>Perseverance</i> is the quality that allows someone to keep trying to do something even though it is difficult. Someone who has a blood cancer must persevere during treatment. Scientists who study blood cancers must persevere as they work to find a cure.	
Think about someone you know or have read about who showed perseverance. What was this person's goal? What obstacles did this person face? How did he or she show perseverance? What can you earn from this person that will help you achieve your goals?	

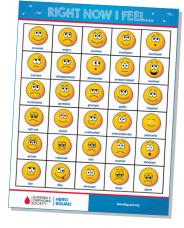
At The Leukemia & Lymphoma Society, teams of researchers work together to find a cure for blood cancers. Members of a team do not always have the same ideas or opinions. How do they accomplish their goals if they disagree? They communicate clearly, listen to each other, and work together so that they can meet their goal. Pretend that you are working on a team project. You share one of your ideas with the rest of the team, but another team member says he or she doesn't like it. Describe what you do next. Then explain the steps you take to make sure the disagreement does	Name	_ Relationship skills: responding to a prompt
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Name	Social awareness: responding to a prompt
Date	
WALKING IN SOMEONI ELSE'S SHOES	
People who are very sick often fight a difficult battle against their disease. They may be scared and sad about being sick. They may miss out on doing the things they like to do. They may also feel that no one understands what they are going through; that others lack empathy , the ability to understand and share someone else's feelings.	
magine that a friend is struggling with a situation that keeps him or her from doing favorite activities. Describe the emotions you think your friend might be feeling. Then tell how you would let your friend know that you understand how he or she is feeling.	
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-	

Date	
BE A SOLUTION SEEKER	
Problems are a part of life. In fact, even the cells in your body can have problems. For example, cancer happens when some cells grow too fast and spread out of control. Leukemia and lymphoma are blood cancers. Researchers are working hard to find ways to end the problem of blood cancers.	
Think about a time when you faced a difficult problem. Describe the problem, including what you think caused it. Then describe now you solved the problem. Give your opinion about whether your solution was a good one.	

HOW TO USE THE ACTIVITY AT SCHOOL:

- 1. Print the emotions mini poster and project it onto the board. Discuss with students the emotions shown on it, guiding students to explain what each one might look like, sound like, or feel like. Also encourage students to describe a situation that might lead to each feeling.
- 2. After students are familiar with the emotions on the mini poster, make student copies of it and the prompts page. Also give each student a 12" x 18" sheet of construction paper.
- 3. Have each student fold the construction paper in half to make a folder. Direct the student to write his or her name on the cover; then have the student open the folder and glue a copy of the mini poster onto the left side and a copy of the prompts page onto the right side. Review the information on the prompts page, explaining to students that they can use the emotions mini poster to help them identify how they are feeling.



- 4. To start each day that follows, instruct each student to use the mini poster and prompts page to help identify the emotion(s) he or she is experiencing. (Encourage students to use other words if those on the mini poster don't match their current states.) Then have the student write on a sheet of paper a journal entry that includes the date, how he or she is feeling, and why. If time allows, have each student share his or her journal response with a partner.
- 5. Direct students to store their journal entries in their folders and keep the folder in a safe place until the next day. Periodically guide students to review their journal entries and look for common emotions and potential triggers.

HOW TO USE THE ACTIVITY FOR REMOTE LEARNING:

If you are using the mini poster and prompts via video chat (or parents are using it at home one-on-one), complete the activity as described above but have the student print the mini poster and prompts page. If a printer is not available, direct the student to look at the mini poster and prompts page on screen before starting his or her journal entry. Have the student store the papers in a folder or organize them in a neat stack.

Teachers, identifying your feelings is important too! Participate in the activity with students. You can also connect with your peers by regularly completing the activity with your grade level colleagues or making it part of a school staff activity.

SOCIAL-EMOTIONAL LEARNING SKILLS COVERED

• Self-awareness: identifying emotions • Relationship skills: communication

STANDARDS COVERED

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.3.2; W.4.2; W.5.2: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.

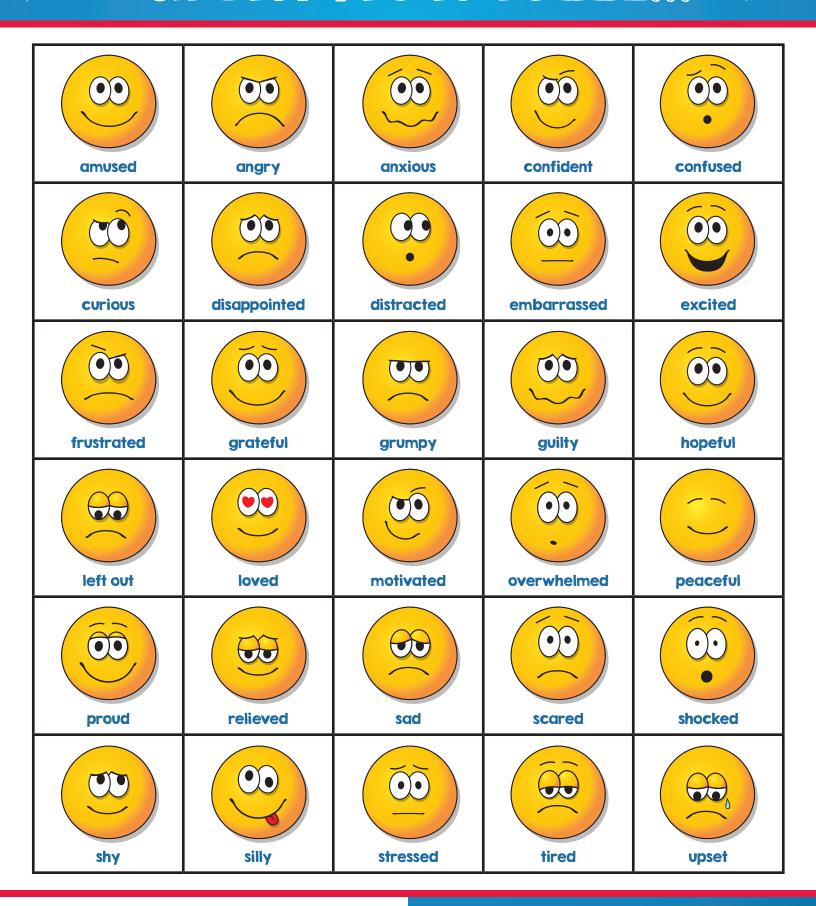
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.3.10; W.4.10; W.5.10: Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.3.1; SL.4.1; SL.5.1: Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on *grade-level topics and texts*, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.













HOW ARE YOU FEELING TODAY? USE THE MINI POSTER TO HELP YOU. Today I feel ______ because ______. word(s) reason(s)

IF YOU STILL NEED HELP IDENTIFYING YOUR EMOTIONS, THINK ABOUT WHAT YOUR BODY IS DOING.

Are you **smiling**? You might be *amused*, *confident*, *excited*, *grateful*, *hopeful*, *motivated*, *peaceful*, *proud*, *relieved*, or *silly*.

Are you **fidgeting**? You might be anxious, embarrassed, excited, silly, or stressed.

Are you **frowning**? You might be *angry, anxious, confused, curious, disappointed, distracted, frustrated, guilty, left out, overwhelmed, sad, scared, stressed, or upset.*

Does your **skin feel hot**? You might be *angry* or *embarrassed*.

Are you **quieter than normal**? Does your **stomach hurt**? You might be *angry, anxious, confused, disappointed, distracted, embarrassed, frustrated, grumpy, left out, overwhelmed, sad, scared, shy, stressed, or tired.*

Are your **teeth clenched**? Does your **jaw hurt**? You might be *angry, anxious,* or *stressed*.

Is your heart beating fast? You might be angry, anxious, scared, or stressed.

WAY TO ADJUST NEGATIVE FEELINGS	
☐ Talk to a friend or family member. ☐ Ask a family member for a hug.	Write about your feelings.Dance, sing, do yoga, or play a game.
Think about something that makes you happy.	Other:
Breathe deeply.	



These role-playing cards will help your students practice real-life social and emotional learning skills. Each colorful card features three scenarios that relate to an important SEL competency, such as self-awareness or relationship skills.



HOW TO USE THE ROLE-PLAYING CARDS AT SCHOOL:

- 1. Select a card and make student copies. Give each student a card. (As an alternative, display the card on your whiteboard using a document camera.)
- 2. Ask students what it means to *role-play*. After several students respond, explain that to *role-play* is to act out the role of someone, without the use of a script. Then read aloud the SEL word and definition at the top of the card. Explain that the card features three different real-life scenarios related to this word and its meaning. Each scenario includes questions to help students think about how they might act out the series of events.



- 3. Read the first scenario on the card aloud. Then ask for two volunteers to role-play the scenario in front of the class. When they are done, guide the rest of the class to tell what parts they could apply to their own lives as well as what they might do differently.
- 4. Repeat Step 3 with the other two scenarios, inviting two different students to act out each one.
- 5. At another time, introduce one of the remaining cards and have students role-play its scenarios.

HOW TO USE THE ROLE-PLAYING CARDS FOR REMOTE LEARNING:

If you are using the role-playing cards via video chat (or parents are using them at home one-on-one), complete the activity as described above, but have the student role-play one or more of the scenarios with a parent or with a classmate with whom he or she can video chat. As an alternative, have the student write a short script of the scenario.



SOCIAL-EMOTIONAL LEARNING SKILLS COVERED

- Self-management: impulse control, stress management, goal-setting Self-awareness: identifying emotions, accurate self-perception, self-confidence Social awareness: perspective-taking, empathy, respect for others, appreciating diversity
- Relationship skills: social engagement, relationship-building, communication Responsible decision-making: making constructive choices, analyzing situations, ethical responsibility

STANDARDS COVERED

CCSS.ELA.LITERACY.SL.3.1: Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on *grade 3 topics and texts*, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.1: Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on *grade 4 topics and texts*, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.5.1: Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on *grade 5 topics and texts*, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.



lf you have good *self-management skills*, you can manage your emotions, your thinking, and your behaviors. You can set and achieve your personal goals. You also keep trying even when the going gets tough.



ROLE-PLAY THESE SITUATIONS WITH A PARTNER.

Act out each scene and talk about the appropriate response.



Stop and Think: A classmate is trying to talk to you while you are working on an assignment. You are starting to lose your patience with this person. How can you deal with this situation in a positive way? Impulse control



Stress Busters: A family member or buddy is feeling very worried about a situation. He or she has asked you for help. What will you suggest to help this person reduce his or her stress level? Stress management



This buddy asks you for advice on how to make their dream of acting come true. What steps can you Reaching for a Dream: A friend who has never acted before wants to get a part in the school play. suggest this person take to reach his or her goal? **Goal-setting**





If you have good *self-management skills*, you can recognize how you are feeling and how your feelings affect your behavior. You know what you are good at doing, what you like doing, and what areas you can improve in. You also keep a positive attitude about your future.



ROLE-PLAY THESE SITUATIONS WITH A PARTNER.

Act out each scene and talk about the appropriate response.



part of a fun video chat with some of your friends. You did not know about this video chat and realize I Feel...: You and a friend are talking about your weekend. Your friend mentions that he or she was you were not invited to be part of it. How do you feel about not being invited to the chat? How do you express your feelings to your friend? Identifying emotions



Give Me Three! A neighbor is interviewing you for a pet-sitting job. The neighbor asks you an neighbor? How will these qualities help you with the pet-sitting job? Accurate self-perception interesting question: What are three things you love about yourself? How will you answer the



contest. You just found out that you won! How does winning make each of you feel? How does it feel Contest Winners: You and a classmate worked really hard on a project that you entered in a school to be recognized for hard work? How would you have felt if you had not won? Would the hard work have been worth it or not? **Accurate self-perception/Self-confidence**



If you have good social awareness, you can understand how other people might think or feel. You know how to behave in different places, such as at school, a place of worship, a formal ceremony, or while spending time with your friends. You also understand and respect people who are different from you.



ROLE-PLAY THESE SITUATIONS **WITH A PARTNER.**

Act out each scene and talk about the appropriate response.



after this event? Have you been in a similar situation? How did you feel, and what did you think? you think this situation made your friend feel? What do you think your friend thought during and So Embarrassing! A friend tells you about a situation that embarrassed him or her. How do





two of you share how this makes you feel and what you can do to help your classmate. How do you help the situation? What do you say to the classmate who has just been bullied? Respect for others Stand Up: You and a friend see a group of students making fun of a classmate's appearance. The



.." You and your friend believe differences are great, different people is a positive thing? What are the negative effects of not appreciating differences? **Totally Different?** You and your friend just overheard a conversation in which someone said, "I not something to hate or be afraid of. Why do you and your friend think living in a world full of nate people who are

Appreciating diversity



up to peer pressure, resolve conflicts in a positive way, and ask for and give help with others. You communicate your feelings and thoughts clearly. You also stand If you have good relationship skills, you build and keep healthy relationships when needed. You also cooperate with others.



ROLE-PLAY THESE SITUATIONS WITH A PARTNER.

Act out each scene and talk about the appropriate response.



this new friend are left alone to talk. How will you start a conversation with this person? How will you Nice to Meet You: You have just been introduced to someone you have never met. Now, you and keep the conversation going? How will you end the conversation? **Social engagement**



Your partner wants to do the assignment over the weekend, but you want to do it tonight. The two of you can't seem to agree. How can you resolve this conflict peacefully and in a way that satisfies both Reaching for a Resolution: You and another student must work together on a class assignment. of you? How will you know that you and your partner are both happy with the resolution? Relationship-building



Time to Talk: You and a friend or family member have had an argument. For a while, both of you are did the argument make both of you feel? What could the two of you have done differently? What will so mad you don't speak to each other. Now, though, you decide to talk about what happened. How you do differently the next time you have a disagreement? Communication/Relationship-building



If you make responsible decisions, you make good choices about how you behave and interact with others. When you identify a problem, you think carefully about how to solve it. You understand that your actions have consequences. You make sure that any decision you make does not hurt yourself or others.

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ROLE-PLAY THESE SITUATIONS WITH A PARTNER.

Act out each scene and talk about the appropriate response.



Copycat Crisis: A classmate is always trying to copy your homework. The classmate insists that it is no big deal, but you are really upset about it. You ask a family member to help you come up with different ways to solve this problem. What solutions do you come up with? Which solution do you and your family member think is the best one? Why? Making constructive choices



either stay up late tonight to finish the project and turn it in early, or you can wait and do the project over the weekend. You ask one of your parents to help you decide what to do. What are the pros and cons of each Project Decision: It is Thursday, and your teacher has assigned a project that is due on Monday. You can option? Which option do you and your parent decide is the best one? Why? Analyzing situations



minutes later, one of your friends privately admits to you that he or she took the money. What do you do? Missing Cash: Your teacher has just announced that the fundraiser money from her desk is missing. Ten What do you say to your friend? Do you tell your teacher? Why or why not? **Ethical responsibilit**y

